

VOL. XIII, NO. 96.

NEARLY FINISHED.

THE TARIFF BILL WILL SOON BE PASSED.

The Sugar Schedule and Reciprocity the Only Matters of Importance Remaining.

A Clause Inserted to Prevent the Importation of Tea by the Way of Canada.

The House Accepts the Conference Report on the River and Harbor Bill, but the Senate Has no Quorum to Act Thereon—Items From the Capital.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—After the transaction of the routine morning business the senate resumed the consideration of the tariff bill.

On motion of Mr. Manderson an amendment was agreed to fixing the duty on white pine shingles at 30 cents per 1,000.

The committee amendment placing shingles on the free list was lost—yeas 16, nays 36—and the rate of duty of 30 cents per 1,000 shingles restored.

At the suggestion of Mr. Plumb an amendment was adopted fixing at 30 cents per gallon the duty on alizarine except when soluble oil containing more than 30 per cent of castor oil.

Mr. Aldrich introduced a resolution which was agreed to, that the time for the consideration of the tariff bill be extended to Monday, when the debate will be thirty minutes, and when the sugar schedule is to be taken up.

Mr. Ingalls asked whether the understanding was that on Tuesday the voting should begin and continue until the close of the third reading is reached after which three hours is to be allowed to each side.

General assent was given to that understanding.

The vote was then taken on Mr. Gorman's amendment to reduce the duty on hops to 8 cents a pound and it was rejected without the yeas and nays.

Mr. Vest moved to place sail on the free list—yeas 35, nays 36, a party vote except that Mr. Paddock voted yea.

Mr. Vance offered the amendment of which he had given notice on the 1st of September for a 20 per cent duty on foreign products purchased by an exchange of American farm products. Rejected—yeas 23, nays 30, a party vote.

On motion of Mr. Spooner a bill to amend the act of March 3, 1879, relating to the sugar and cane seed were placed on the free list.

Mr. Aldrich, from the finance committee, reported a bill to amend the act of March 3, 1879, relating to the sugar and cane seed.

Mr. Spooner then offered the amendment proposed by him on the 1st of August, to the bill to amend the act of March 3, 1879, relating to the sugar and cane seed.

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THE KENNEDY-QUAY MATTER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Mr. Kennedy, of Ohio, is still withholding from the Congressional Record his remarks made in the house Wednesday concerning Senator Quay's alleged election of Mr. Quay.

Mr. Kennedy says he proposes to print them, notwithstanding the advice of his colleagues that the remarks ought to be permanently suppressed. He has not been called to account for his breach of the rules and gross impropriety. Mr. Burrows, who is acting as speaker pro tem, says that the words were not "taken down," and were not officially noticed at the time, the matter is beyond his jurisdiction. He thinks they are, furthermore, beyond the jurisdiction of the house until they shall appear in the Congressional Record.

When they are printed, as Mr. Kennedy promises they shall be, a resolution will be introduced to expel Mr. Kennedy, and proposed to introduce it today, but the Democratic colleagues prevailed upon him to withhold it until after the election of a speaker to inaugurate the movement. No action will be taken, probably, until the return of Speaker Reed and Mr. McKinley.

Mr. Kennedy's untimely remarks and remarks it is likely that some action will be taken, but it is not probable that any Republican will introduce a resolution of expulsion. A few of the recent free-trade exhibitions on both sides of the house, radical action of this kind would not doubt be considered extremely inconsiderate.

Mr. Boatner, of Louisiana, had prepared a resolution to expel Mr. Kennedy, and proposed to introduce it today, but the Democratic colleagues prevailed upon him to withhold it until after the election of a speaker to inaugurate the movement.

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ALL ON NETTLES.

CANDIDATES FOR THE CAPITAL VERY NERVOUS.

Payne County's Representatives Will be Instructed on the Matter Today.

A Bill to Regulate the Liquor Traffic According to the Nebraska Law Introduced.

Congress Memorialized to Provide for the Expense of Prosecuting Cases in the Indian Country—The Legislators Almost Worn Out—Proceedings of the House in Detail.

Special dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

GUTHRIE, Ok., Sept. 6.—Saturday morning finds the clans in trepidation. Mr. Clark, of Payne county, one of the leaders of the Alliance, inadvertently made a remark at last night's session of the house, in the way of a threat, that threw the Oklahoma legislature into a terrible state of excitement. He said substantially: "If you men don't stand to the agreement you know what to expect."

The boys are mending fences and they worked with a will into "the wee sma' hours."

In the consideration of the bill providing for the distribution of the government appropriation of \$47,000, sectional feeling showed its head, and the local lights came near being reopened. Guthrie, Oklahoma City and Kingfisher are now gunning. They have taken the brass band, decoy and net along. The ownership of these commodities to hunting seems to be vested in all, as each uses any of them he sees fit. Kingfisher does not care much about the sport but will not allow a deer to bite him. When they return they will regale us with some ray accounts of the trip.

It seems the constituency of Stillwater is favorable to Guthrie. The Payne county constituency instructs its representatives on the capital question tomorrow, as there will be a convention of the Payne county citizens assembly in Guthrie. An expression of the sentiments of Payne county will probably be known then. Wearied by the excitement of the week the legislature hailed the hour of adjournment with joy. Unaccustomed to being confined indoors ten hours a day, and to irregular habits of life, it will be a marvel if some of the members do not succumb.

There is some trouble in harmonizing the council and house bills on distribution of the \$47,000. Petitions are pouring in from all over the country.

The bill regulating the liquor traffic, introduced by Mr. Post, is almost identical with the Nebraska statute. Mr. Post did this, desiring to conform to the suggestion of the governor in his message.

The bill providing for the United States' paying the expenses of arresting and prosecuting the violators of law in the territory adjacent to Oklahoma proper is of great importance. The arrest, prosecution and conviction of one prisoner will cost Logan county \$1,300.

THE HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Jones was in the chair in the house this morning. Twenty-five members answered to roll call. The minutes were read.

Mr. Trooper—I was here when the roll was called, but failed to answer to my name. I do not intend to be absent. I wish the roll so corrected as to show me present.

Mr. Merten—Is the journal approved? The chair—No.

Mr. Neal—I desire to have Mr. Trooper's name stricken from the number of absentees.

Mr. Peery—I ask that the change be made.

The chair ordered it done and the journal was then approved.

A communication was presented from the house as follows:

I have been directed by the council to transmit to your honorable body council bill No. 1 as amended by your honorable body and state that the council finds itself unable to agree to the amendment, and respectfully asks further consideration of said bill and amendment at your hands.

Respectfully.

E. J. SIMPSON, Chief Clerk.

Mr. Campbell—This is a queer request to come from the council. I am surprised at their action. I suggest it lie over.

It was so ordered.

House resolution No. 8 was called for.

The commissioners memorialize the legislature to hasten legislation on relief questions.

Mr. Campbell—I do not find a committee to which I can properly refer. I move it be referred to committee on ways and means.

Joint resolutions Nos. 5 and 9, relating to accepting the invitation of the mayor and citizens to attend a banquet at Oklahoma City, September 10, were accepted.

House resolutions Nos. 6 and 7 were reported by the committee.

Mr. Campbell—I believe these were put on file to be called up.

Mr. Campbell—Owing to the importance of the bill, I move the bill be referred to the committee on liquor traffic. It was so ordered.

Mr. Curran introduced house bill No. 2, an act providing for the agricultural laborer's experimental station.

It provides that the board of agriculture shall advertise in not less than six newspapers for a period of sixty days for donation from the several counties.

Mr. Waggoner calls for rule 6, which provides that when the house reaches the end of its business on a bill, the roll shall be called and each member having a bill to introduce shall present the same when his name is called.

The roll was called and Mr. Curran presented house bill No. 12.

Mr. Adair moved that it be read a second time and referred to the committee on agriculture.

Mr. Post introduced house bill No. 13, regulating the manufacture and sale of liquors.

The communication was received from the committee composed of Bixler, Brown of Logan and Pittman, appointed by the council, to present council bill No. 8 to the legislature, and with a committee appointed by the house.

The council announced the appointment as a committee to act in conjunction with the house on the bill of Oklahoma, Brown of Logan and Pittman.

Mr. Post moved the bill be read by the title and referred to the committee on liquor traffic.

Mr. Tritt—I do not think this is the proper committee.

Mr. Tritt—I think the gentleman is mistaken in regard to the bill. The bill is on prohibitions on the same, and the committee on liquor traffic.

The bill was referred to committee on liquor traffic.

ization of the legislative assembly. The bill was referred to the committee on judiciary.

Under the head of miscellaneous business the messages from the house were read.

First—Joint resolution No. 10, thanking the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe for loaning \$10,000 worth of seed wheat to the farmers for the purpose of circulating a subscription for the relief of the destitute of the territory.

Second—House bill No. 10, an act providing for the reception and distribution of the funds appropriated by congress to the relief of the destitute of the territory.

Third—House resolution No. 11, providing for the appointment of a joint committee for receiving all aids which might be furnished to the territory by the mayor and council of Guthrie to circulate a subscription for the benefit of the sufferers.

On motion of Mr. Brown, of Oklahoma, the house resolved that the committee on the part of the legislature be authorized to accept of the aid of the mayor and council of Guthrie to circulate a subscription for the benefit of the sufferers.

The council then proceeded to consider council bill No. 8, an act for the distribution of the funds appropriated by congress for the relief of the destitute of the territory. The bill was passed.

Mr. Foster introduced a resolution requiring that a committee be appointed to carry out council bill No. 8 and house bill No. 10 to the house and ask their immediate concurrence in council bill No. 8.

Mr. Pittman moved that when this house adjourns it adjourn until 2 o'clock Monday.

Mr. Foster moved that the council recur to the consideration of the bill.

A message from the house was read which notified the council that council bill No. 1 had been returned with amendments and requested a conference committee be appointed.

Messrs. Brown of Oklahoma, Brown of Logan, and Tillman were appointed as members of that committee on the part of the council.

On motion of Mr. Brown of Logan, the sergeant-at-arms was requested to notify the owner of the building to put in the east and west part of the building.

The committee on joint rules then reported and the report was adopted.

It was moved by Mr. Brown (Oklahoma) that the house be informed of the adoption of the rules by the council. The clerk was instructed to so notify the house.

Adjourned until Monday at 2 o'clock.

Hon. W. H. Campbell, of Logan county, was interviewed today. The reporter asked him:

"Do you think the coalition will remain unbroken during the session?"

"On all objects for which it was formed I think not," he replied.

"Will the coalition as a unit favor the location of the capital at Oklahoma City?"

"I think so, unless the Payne county delegation prove themselves as loyal to their constituency's wishes and interests as the Oklahoma county delegation did to theirs."

"Does the Payne county constituency endorse their action?"

"Thus far, but, if they deliver the goods hereafter, which I have every reason to believe they have promised to do, they will neither represent their constituency nor take precedence of all others."

"Do you think the coalition will have anything to do with the final outcome of politics in Oklahoma?"

"From the Republican."

"Will the capital question come to a vote at an early date?"

"I think Councilman Brown, of Oklahoma City, will prefer to have this question take precedence of all others."

"Do not think the members of the house, from Oklahoma City are disposed to stand upon the bill?"

"The school bills and the bills relating to the distribution of appropriation made by congress now pending."

"In event of Oklahoma City not being so strong where will they throw her vote?"

"I don't know. She has been so confident of success I do not think she has ever taken the subject of second choice into consideration."

"Will Kingfisher remain allied with Guthrie?"

"On the bare issue between Guthrie and Oklahoma, yes."

ONLY A BILL NEEDED.

Governor Steele says the \$47,000 will be available in twenty minutes after the passage of a proper bill for distribution. He advises the utmost economy in the expenditure of the money.

If the legislature and people generally would only use the words "council" and "house" it would prevent much annoyance.

Considerable has been accomplished for the first week.

ADMIRAL PORTER ON NAVAL POINTS.

ANAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 6.—Admiral David D. Porter has contributed to the proceedings of the United States naval institute his views on the paper recently read before the institute by Rear Admiral S. R. Luce upon "Naval Training."

Admiral Porter believes that Admiral Luce handles too tenderly those parties in the navy, whoever they may be, who insist on the system of reducing the sail power on ships of war and supplying everything with military masts without considering whether the ships were intended for cruisers or as vessels of coast defense.

Continuing, he says: "Not one of the new vessels hitherto planned or built for war purposes has been provided with masts. Cruisers can not cruise for want of sail power and so-called line of battle ships can not go into battle for want of proper rigging. In time of war the result will be that the present navy will be laid up on account of too much military masts and the entire lack of sail power. This question of sail power is one on which the efficacy of the service hinges."

"Cruisers and line of battle ships should be fitted with sufficient sail power to enable them to cruise for long periods at sea if necessary without entering port except for provisions, so that they may save their coal, as did the confederate steamer Alabama for an occasion when they were called into action or to chase an enemy too fast to be taken under sail."

IOWA'S CROPS BETTER.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 6.—This week's bulletin of the Iowa weather service reports temperature and rainfall above the reasonable normal. The conditions have been favorable for growth of wheat, corn, potatoes and oats. Fall plowing is being vigorously pushed. Corn is making fair progress. Early planted, well cultivated fields are ready for the harvest. Eight days of favorable weather will put the bulk of the crop beyond danger of injury by frost.

NO DOUBT THEY FAVOR IT.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 6.—All the cabinet members in town were asked to express an opinion on Senator Sherman's proposed proxy resolution. They were, of course, reticent but displayed no antagonism to the resolution. Edward Bruce, for instance, they seemed inclined to support it with some favor and were of the opinion that if the proposed bill passed the United States senate it will be taken up by the parliament of Canada.

ALLOWED TO COUNT THEM.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 6.—Application was made to the circuit court for an injunction restraining the canvassing board from counting